

**PHYS 223 University Physics III**  
**Exam 5**

GRADES  
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March 24, 2021

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1. Find the direction of the magnetic field acting on a positively charged particle moving in the various situations shown in Figure 1 if the direction of the magnetic force acting on it is as shown.

- a. INTO the PAGE
- b. TO the RIGHT
- c. down

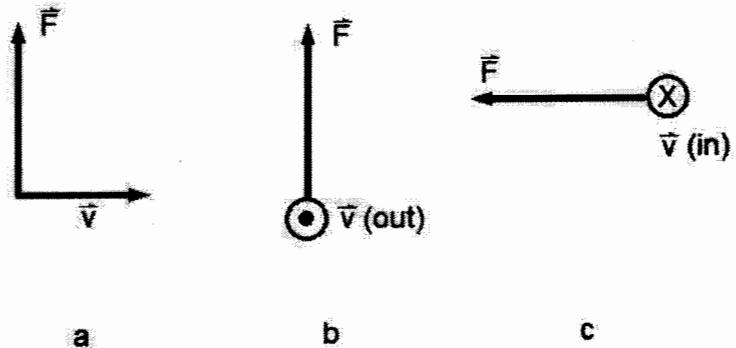


Figure 1

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2. A conductor consists of a circular loop of radius  $R = 12.0 \text{ cm}$  and two long, straight sections as shown in Figure 2. The wire lies in the plane of the paper and carries a current  $I = 2.00 \text{ A}$ . Find the magnetic field at the center of the loop.

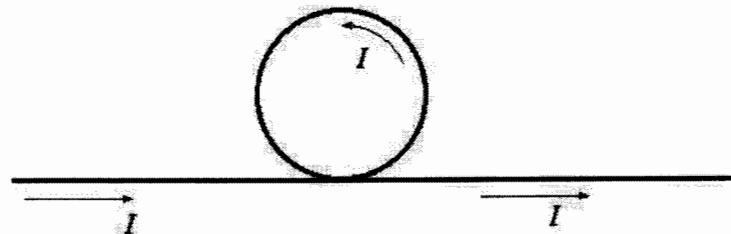
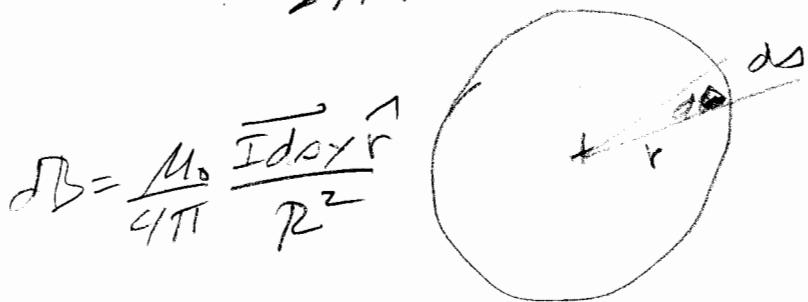


Figure 2

$$B = B_1 + B_2 \text{ OUT OF PAGE}$$

$$B_1 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \text{ due to Long STRAIGHT wire}$$



$$ds = R d\theta$$

$$|\vec{Ids} \times \hat{r}| = R d\theta$$

$$B = \int d\theta = \int \frac{\mu_0 I R d\theta}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi R} \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 2\pi I}{4\pi R} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R}$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} [1 + \pi]$$

$$= \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7} * 2}{2\pi * 0.12} (1 + \pi) = \boxed{6.90 \times 10^{-6} \text{ T}}$$

6.90 mT

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3. An electron moves in a circular path perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field with a magnitude of 4.00 mT. If the speed of the electron is  $2.50 \times 10^7$  m/s, determine

a. the radius of the circular path  $3.55 \text{ cm}$   
and

b. the time interval required to complete one revolution.  $8.92 \text{ ns}$

$$qvB = \frac{mv^2}{R}$$

$$qB = \frac{mv}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{mv}{qB} = \frac{9.1 \times 10^{-31} + 2.5 \times 10^7}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 4 \times 10^{-3}} = 3.55 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$v = \frac{2\pi R}{T}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi R}{v} = \frac{2\pi \times 3.55 \times 10^{-2}}{2.5 \times 10^7} = 8.92 \times 10^{-9}$$

## Physical Constants

Constant	Symbol	Magnitude
Avogadro's Number	$N_A$	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$ molecules/mole
Boltzmann's constant	$k$	$1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} = 8.62 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K}$
Stefan-Boltzmann constant	$\sigma$	$5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J/(s*m^2*K^4)}$
Electronic charge	$q$	$1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Electronvolt	eV	$1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
Planks constant	$h$	$6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-s}$
Thermal voltage, $kT$ , at 300 °K	$V_t$	25.8 mV
Velocity of light	$c$	$3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
Permeability of free space	$\mu_0$	$1.257 \times 10^{-6} \text{ H/m}$
Permittivity of free space	$\epsilon_0$	$8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$
Electron mass	$m_e$	$9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Proton mass	$m_p$	$1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

## Atomic Masses

Element	Symbol	Atomic Mass	Atomic Number
Hydrogen	H	1.00794 u	1
Helium	He	4.00260 u	2
Lithium	Li	6.941 u	3
Beryllium	Be	9.0122 u	4
Boron	B	10.811 u	5
Carbon	C	12.0107 u	6
Nitrogen	N	14.0067 u	7
Oxygen	O	15.9994 u	8
Fluorine	F	18.9984 u	9
Neon	N	20.1797 u	10
Sodium	Na	22.9897 u	11
Magnesium	Mg	24.305 u	12
Aluminum	Al	26.9815 u	13
Silicon	Si	28.0855 u	14
Phosphorus	P	30.9738 u	15